

HALL KNOCKED OUT

Fitzsimmons Wins the Biggest Purse Ever Offered.

A Terrific Blow On His Opponent's Jaw Ends the Contest in the Fourth Round.

The Fight in Detail—How It is Regarded by Pugilistic Experts—The Scene at the Crescent City Club—Much Money Lost.

NEW ORLEANS, March 9.—The result of the fight last night for the middleweight championship of the world, and a purse of \$40,000, the largest ever offered for such a contest, was a surprise in one respect at least. While there were many people who believed that Fitzsimmons would defeat Hall, there was none, who thought that the fight would last but four rounds, and that it would be won by a blow, which should not have been permitted to "land" with full force, by such a scientific and dexterous fighter as Hall had previously shown himself to be. Hall and Fitzsimmons, old-time rivals in their native country, Australia,



BOB FITZSIMMONS.

and he set a lively pace by doing all the leading, and landing frequently with his left on Hall's body. Hall was slow, and did not succeed in landing a single blow with effect. Hall was full of confidence, and while he did not go into hard fighting he was a cautious, owing to the fact that he was kept so busy dodging and weaving off Fitz's blows that he had no time to show the people his ability as a fighter. Fitzsimmons so admirably that he landed almost every blow he delivered with great accuracy. Hall received some stinging blows on the ribs, but he was so thoroughly trained that he had but little or no effect. The aggressive manner of Fitz's attack, and the rapidity with which he landed his blows, was a surprise, and made him realize that he had no easy task to perform.

THE WINNERS AND LOSERS.

NEW ORLEANS, March 9.—But few people from the West won last night's fight, and scarcely ten from the East took away pocket money. Of the New Orleans men who won, Dominick O'Malley and Bob Bennett were the leaders. They had backed Fitzsimmons at all stages of the betting and won a large roll of greenbacks, \$12,000 each, it is said. Sandy Griswold, sporting editor of the Omaha Bee, lost \$200. E. R. Martin, of Kansas City, won \$200. Dr. Ordway, of the Police News of Boston, lost \$450. Col. Wm. Mahon, of Boston, also lost \$500. Abe Levy, of Chicago, won between \$5,000 and \$6,000. Frank Jones, of Kansas City, won \$4,000 or \$5,000. John O'Neil won \$3,000. Martin Davis, of Chicago, was one of the few winners from that city. He won \$2,500. Steve Brodie lost \$2,000. "Squire" Abington, his backer, lost heavily. He does not know how much, as his "secretary" has not reported.

WHAT CORBETT THINKS OF IT.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., March 9.—Champion James J. Corbett was interviewed after the Fitzsimmons-Hall fight, and asked for his opinion on it. He said: "It is the greatest middle-weight fight that ever took place in this country, and Fitzsimmons is undoubtedly the greatest middle-weight in the world. It will take a heavy weight to knock him out, and in my opinion nobody but Jackson Bob put on the gloves with Herbert A. Slade, the Maori, who came over to America to fight John L. Sullivan. All of these contests were under Queensbury rules. Fitzsimmons then became a full-fledged professional under prize-ring rules, Arthur Cooper in three rounds, Jim Crawford in three rounds, and Jim Hall in four rounds. He then left New Zealand, looking for more worlds to conquer. He took up at Sydney, Australia,

THE MEN'S RECORDS.

Bob Fitzsimmons was born at Helston, Cornwall, England, in 1862. He is a scrapper by inheritance, his father being the best man in a country famous for fighters and wrestlers. Bob's brothers, too, were all natural fighters, and he was brought up in the royal navy, Arthur a groom and Jack a blacksmith. Bob migrated with his family to New Zealand when a small boy. He took to the horsemanship trade, and learned the art of riding from his brother. His first appearance in the ring was at Jim Macoe's amateur boxing tournament held at Timaru, New Zealand, in the fall of 1880. Bob, although but a lad of eighteen, knocked out four men on that night and won the amateur championship of New Zealand. The following year Macoe gave another tournament and Bob succeeded in retaining the amateur championship, knocking out five men this time. After defeating the amateurs Bob put on the gloves with Herbert A. Slade, the Maori, who came over to America to fight John L. Sullivan. All of these contests were under Queensbury rules. Fitzsimmons then became a full-fledged professional under prize-ring rules, Arthur Cooper in three rounds, Jim Crawford in three rounds, and Jim Hall in four rounds. He then left New Zealand, looking for more worlds to conquer. He took up at Sydney, Australia,

THE FIGHT IN DETAIL.

Round 1.—The men shook hands a few minutes after 9 o'clock in the orthodox, old-time fashion, both men coming to the center with a jauntiness which showed their seeming lack of care. They commenced work in a very "easy" manner with Fitzsimmons facing Hall with the left and all sort of his mark. Hall's left on the counter barely touching his face, Fitzsimmons was the most active of the two,

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She is Twenty-Six Days Out—The Chances For Her Safety. NEW YORK, March 9.—The Naronic has been out twenty-six days and has not been spoken of, nor seen since she left the New York harbor on the morning of February 11 for this port. Her agents are still hopeful that she may be heard from. The Maritime Register has this to say editorially: The non-arrival of the White Star steamer Naronic is causing much alarm, although it is probable that she will be heard from either at Falmouth, or in tow with machinery damaged. That she has not been spoken of proves nothing against either of these chances. Falmouth is a port in the Azores, about three hundred miles from St. Michael, which is a coaling station, and nearly all steamships stop there to get fresh supplies there. It is not impossible that the Naronic may be heard from at Falmouth, but that she will be sighted in tow seems to be unlikely.

CATHOLIC CLERGY ATTACKED.

A Sensational Denunciation of Them By French-Canadian Writers. MONTREAL, March 9.—A pamphlet of 300 pages, entitled "Clericalism," and which promises to create a great sensation in the religious world, has been made public. It contains a terribly scathing arraignment of the Roman Catholic clergy of the Dominion. The work is from the pen of a writer of well-known French-Canadian origin, among whom are Sanville, formerly of La Patrie, and Filiatrault, of the Canada Review. The work will no doubt aid greatly in the movement for religious independence, which has been going on for some time among the French-Canadian Catholics. One of the articles is devoted to the Jesuits, and another, a very sensational one, to "Mysticism and the Church," in which reference is made to the late clerical scandals.

TO-DAY'S BRIEF NEWS.

The general managers of the roads entering Chicago yesterday refused the demands of the switchmen for advanced wages. Operations on the Kansas City Board of Trade were suspended yesterday to enable the members to receive the report of the Toledo, Ann Arbor & North Michigan Railroad, which is out on a strike and traffic is stopped. At Grinnell, Ia., the buggy plant of the Bussing Manufacturing Company burned to the ground last night, cost, \$60,000; insurance, \$25,000. J. T. Mock, of Danville, Ky., has sold to J. T. Chambers, of Dubois, Ind., Miami, B. C., three years old, dark bay dam, Dan, four of Brim's (2134), for \$3,000. In the city elections held in New York State yesterday, Rochester, Newburg, Elmira and Ulster were Republican, while Poughkeepsie, Amsterdam, Niagara Falls and Troy went Democratic.

SHANKLIN'S UNAVAILING PROTEST.

His Opposition to Gray's Appointment Apparently Had Little Effect. (Special to the Indianapolis News.) WASHINGTON, D. C., March 9.—The first list of appointments sent to the Senate by President Cleveland to-day fulfilled two predictions that have been made in the dispatches to THE NEWS and will probably prove a double disappointment to the Hoosier Democracy. In the first place, ex-Governor Gray's appointment as minister to Mexico was the severest blow of all, and secondly, the appointment of Gen. Collins as consul-general to London, which

GRAY RECOGNIZED.

The Ex-Governor Nominated For Minister to Mexico.

In Spite of the Fact That Editor Shanklin Protested Against His Appointment.

Pat Collins Consul-General at London—Other Appointments—Hoosier Office-Seekers in Washington—Hawaiian Treaty Recalled From Senate.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 9.—The President today sent the following nominations to the Senate: Josiah Quincy, of Massachusetts, to be Assistant Secretary of State. Robert A. Maxwell, of New York, to be Fourth Assistant Postmaster-General. Isaac P. Gray, of Indiana, to be Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary of the United States to Mexico. Patrick A. Collins, of Massachusetts, to be Consul-General of the United States at London.

THE OFFICES AND APPOINTMENTS.

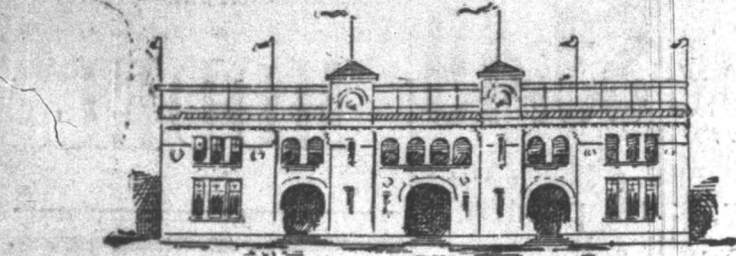
The Mexican mission is one of the five first-class missions, and there is a salary attached to it of \$17,000, with an additional salary for a secretary. So far

THE CHILDREN'S BUILDING.

AMPLE PROVISION HAS BEEN MADE FOR THEIR COMFORT.

The Most Advanced Methods for the Rearing and Education of Children Will Be Practically Illustrated At the World's Fair.

The work of pride and joy of the Board of Lady Managers and the delight of the youngest child of the Exposition enterprise is the children's building. It has been built by voluntary contributions, decorated by an artist who knows what children love and is to be filled with exhibits showing the most approved methods of rearing and educating the young. The plan and scope of the children's building, which at its inception was but vaguely outlined, has crystallized into definite form, and the contract for the building has been closed. No appropriation was made for it, and it has been necessary to raise the funds by subscription and other devices in which women on philanthropic projects bent have recourse in time of emergency. The sum



THE CHILDREN'S BUILDING.

of \$20,000 was allotted to the different States and Territories in proportion to the white population. In many cases the sum was not responded to, and the amount was raised without difficulty, but in some of the States and Territories, where there had been no appropriation, it has been difficult to raise the money, and some have not responded at all.

The Children's Building is intended to be, primarily, an educational building. The aim is to show the most improved methods adapted in the light of the nineteenth century for the rearing and education of children.

In order that the exhibit may be as complete as possible it will begin with the infant in its earliest and most helpless stage. This department will be in the charge of Mrs. Maria M. Love, of Buffalo, a member of the Board of Woman Managers of New York, who will carry on a model crèche. A large, light and airy room will be devoted to this, and in it will be demonstrated the most healthful, comfortable and rational system of dressing and rearing for young children. Short lectures will be given upon the subject of child-rearing, and the most approved food, clothing and sleeping arrangements, which will be illustrated by an interesting exhibit of children's clothing, cradles, and other furniture from all parts of the world.

As the child grows and its mental faculties develop, the kindergarten succeeds the crèche. This stage of child-life will be illustrated in the most complete manner by the International Kindergarten Association, and under its management will be fitted up in the most attractive way with all the latest apparatus necessary to the proper education of the child. This department will be an object lesson of great practical value to mothers and to all having the care of children, showing them the latest and most moral faculties of the little ones are unconsciously developed each day by means of most fascinating entertainments.

Miss Emily Huntington, of New York, the founder of the kitchen garden, will conduct a department of this kind, which will follow the kindergarten, where classes of little folks will be taught the useful and homecoming in so interesting and delightful a manner that sweeping, dusting, baking and cooking become a pleasant recreation, when they would otherwise be drudgery. The brooms and other housekeeping utensils used in this department will all be of the latest size.

For children still older there will be a school, supported by Mrs. Quincy Shaw and conducted by Miss Fingree, both well-known workers in the charities of Boston. This is to teach the children wood-carving, so that the boy who whittles may spend his time in making something more useful than a pile of shavings.

Physical perfection that was the pride of the Greeks and Romans will inspire many a lad at the fair, under the able instructions of Charles Barry, president of the World's Fair Commission of the North American Turner-Bund. Perhaps the most interesting department for the little children will be the library, which will be fitted up and provided with a full supply of children's literature. Books in all languages, newspapers and periodicals, will be exhibited, with a large number of portraits of the most eminent authors of children's books adorning the walls. Japan has already sent a full exhibit of children's literature. Mrs. Charles Barry, of Bates will have charge of the library. Pennsylvania will equip and maintain in this building a department showing the wonderful progress that has been made in teaching very young deaf mutes to speak, which will be in charge of Miss Mary Garrett, secretary of the Home for Deaf Mutes. There will also be a department of the deaf, comfort and a large playground on the roof, enclosed by a strong wire netting, and made as attractive as possible with flowers, vines, birds and butterflies. This department will be maintained by the Woman's Exposition Board of Illinois.

TO FOSTER THE CREATIVE INSTINCT. The followers of Froebel, and all those who adhere to the more advanced methods



DECORATIVE FIGURE FOR THE EXTERIOR OF THE CHILDREN'S BUILDING.

of instructions, have strong faith in the influence of artistic surroundings upon the young, believing that in this way, more than in any other, the creative impulse, which is really the dominant part of the human being, may be aroused and strengthened. In addition to the impetus that is given to the creative faculty, the taste of the child is formed at the tender age, when impressions are vivid and lasting. Mr. George L. Schreiber, who has been working on the decorations for months, making one door studies for friezes and panels, has some charming designs which very happily illustrate the educational ideas, and what is known as the decorative movement in education.

The exterior of the building will have a frieze, in which blue and gold will be the prevailing tints. Then there will be six shields, four on each side of the building, upon which medallions will be painted showing children in the costumes of various nations. These will be painted by Mr. Schreiber, who also has some appropriate and attractive ideas for the assembly room, in which the greater part of the interior decoration will appear. In this room there will be panels ten feet by four, upon which will be painted scenes from

"Grimm's Fairy Tales," in which "Jack the Giant-Killer" and "Little Red Riding Hood" will figure, to the delight as well as to the artistic development of the children. Between the windows will be placed medallions, representing the amusements and occupations of children, and these will alternate with other similar surfaces, upon which the signs of the zodiac will be used as a motif, but will be treated in a quaint and fanciful way that will appeal strongly to the unfolding imagination of little people. These designs will be represented by cupids, which show the sign zodiac.

The assembly-room will contain rows of little chairs and a platform from which stereoscopic lectures will be given to the older boys and girls. Mr. McAllister, of New York, has given an improved stereoscopic for this purpose, and the services of an operator, for the entire Exposition, will be exhibited. The plan and scope of the children's building, which at its inception was but vaguely outlined, has crystallized into definite form, and the contract for the building has been closed. No appropriation was made for it, and it has been necessary to raise the funds by subscription and other devices in which women on philanthropic projects bent have recourse in time of emergency. The sum

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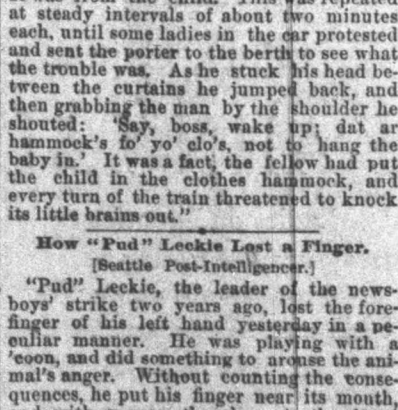
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HOT COFFEE SLOT MACHINES.

A London Invention From Which Much May Arise.

[Lloyd's Newspaper.]

Shopkeepers are threatened with another kind of competition—namely, if among themselves there was not enough already. It takes the form of a new development of the automatic machine, which, if its inventor's hopes are realized, will require an enlargement of Trafalgar Square to accommodate the unemployed licensed victuallers, soda-water sellers, coffee-housekeepers, fruit merchants and confectioners, who will find themselves obliged to join the chorus of the "starving poor of old England."

These new machines are a kind of miniature universal providers. Into the slot one puts your copper and receives in return a cup of tea, coffee, chocolate or perhaps gruel; from another Londoner's soda water and biscuits; a third dispenses soda and milk; a fourth devotes itself to retailing bitter ale or Scotch whisky; another sells fruit; or more doles out sweets, and, lastly, there is one which hands its customers a basin of hot or cold water and a clean towel.

The system is, of course, open to indefinite developments, and every business will be liable to its inroads. A slight addition to the mechanism of the clean water and towel department will, no doubt, add nothing to its accomplishments, and a gentleman in time be able to put his face into the slot and draw it out as smooth as a billiard ball. And if, as soon as the supply is exhausted, the machine at once can display in its window a card with the word "Empty," there is no reason why it should not also be taught to whisper: "I thank you" to each customer.

GRAND TELEPHONE SCHEME.

The Cities of the United States, Canada and Mexico in the Circuit.

[Boston Commercial Bulletin.]

It still remains to connect all the cities in the United States and Canada by telephone. Even more than this, the important cities of Mexico may be put in direct communication with those of the North, making one grand telephone exchange of the whole North American continent. This is not mere speculation. It will ere long be an accomplished fact. When all these cities are thus connected by the telephone, subscribers will have direct lines to the continental system. They will be enabled to communicate, through the medium of a central office, much the same as is done locally through the Boston exchanges.

The advantage of such a system can hardly be realized. It would be far superior to the telegraph, and would be demonstrated by the long distance lines already in use. The telephone admits of the identification of voice over the longest distances, and enables business to be transacted with fullness, clearness and dispatch, thus making it unapproachable as a medium of communication.

That North America will witness the greatest progress in long distance telephony, there is little doubt. Already we have outstripped Europe with its greatly talked of Paris-London line. To connect from one city to another abroad, one has to go to certain offices, whereas here a conversation can be carried on directly from one's own place of business.

ROOSEVELT STREET'S ANACONDA.

It Got Away From a Dealer in Animals and Was Found Dead.

[New York Sun.]

Donald Burns is a dealer in animals at 115 Roosevelt street. He got an order to collect for the Chicago Fair two or three specimens of every variety of snake. Almost two weeks ago he had probably two hundred snakes in the lot of his shop. Some huge anacondas broke open their box on the day before he shipped them. West and crawled out on a back roof. All were captured but one. Donald Burns came very uneasy for fear it might get into a warm place and become dangerous.

There is a saloon on Roosevelt street, a short distance from the lot. The door of the front of the door. At 9 o'clock one night last week some men who had been drinking heavily came out. They had hardly got when they almost broke the door down getting in again. They declared they had seen a snake several yards long. On Saturday morning two laborers of the department of public works started to open the manhole at Roosevelt and Front street. The man who went into the sewer found the snake frozen dead. Mr. Burns took it away. It was two feet long and had a head four inches long. In its stomach were half a dozen big sewer rats, which it had swallowed.

Butler Divided the Fee.

[New York Press.]

"I had a very pleasant experience with General Butler once," said a well-known lawyer of this city. "I had charge of a case and recommended my clients also to retain General Butler. He will be expensive, I explained; but the case demands his kind of ability. I prepared the evidence, and after one or two consultations with Butler, I tried the case myself. We won. I asked General Butler what his fee would be, when he replied:

"What is yours?"

"I shall charge \$500," I was a young lawyer then.

"Make my bill \$1,000 in the case," he returned shortly.

"The firm paid without protest, and I sent him a check for \$1,000. The messenger came back with General Butler's own check for \$250, payable to my order and with a note saying that he would not think of dividing except even with the man who had won the case."

The Manufacture of Glass Eyes.

[Hospital.]

In Thuringia there is a whole district which is dependent for its support on the manufacture of glass eyes. These husbands, wives and children all working together at this means of livelihood. And yet, though these simple German village people turn out the eyes by the dozen, no two are exactly the same. No artificial eye has its exact fellow either in color or in size in the whole world. The method of the manufacture is not a very complicated art. They are first glass plates, which are blown by gas jets, then molded by hand into the form of an oval-shaped cup. The coloring of the eyes is effected by means of tracing with fine needles, the tints being left to the taste of the individual worker, though the scope of their taste is necessarily limited to grays, blues, and browns and blacks, which colors are assorted together before being eventually dispatched to their various destinations.

Told By The Face.

A dry eye means a hard heart.

Brown eyes are the most kindly.

A pointing upper lip indicates timidity.

Black eyes are the most rash and impetuous.

Coarse hair always indicates coarse organization.

An insignificant nose means an insignificant man.

Very full cheeks indicate great digestive powers.

A projecting under lip shows malignity and avarice.

Large ears are found on the heads of coarse people.

Narrow, thin nostrils indicate small lungs and low vitality.

A double chin is invariably a sign of a lover of the table.

If the forehead be shorter than the nose, the sign is of stupidity.

The New Political Economy.

[Texas Sittings.]

A good many men are more interested in having work than poverty abolished.

TRUE, EVERY WORD.

A Realism Terrible in Its Intensity.

A Story Which is Without an Equal in the World.

The Exact Facts Told Exactly as They Occurred.

LEBANON, N. H.—As a correspondent I can

manipulate the following remarkable story exactly as it came from the lady's own lips. Everybody in Lebanon, N. H., knows Mrs. S. R. Berry well; indeed she is a most highly respected resident here. The story is one which particularly interests everyone at this season.

"I was in a very bad way; such trembling in my arms and limbs, and my heart was just frightened, and those terrible sweeping chills and trembling in my limbs made me expect a shock or to lose the use of them completely. And if, as soon as the night became my heart would palpitate, and the chills or shakings would follow, and I could do but very little of anything."

"I could not sit up all day, but had to lie down a great deal, and my nerves were very weak and of no use. Why, I could not bear any noise."

"There was a terrible pain in my head, with burning both sides of the head, and I was almost a complete wreck of my former self."

"No one had any hopes of my being better. My doctor ordered a change of everything, but I was not equal to moving anywhere, indeed, could not walk any to speak of, only drag about from one room to another."

"And such dull, heavy feelings, as if I was about to meet some awful doom. All the time I was depressed in mind and spirits and could not cheer up."

"My liver was swollen so I could not rest unless not applications were used on my side, and my kidneys were very bad."

"In my despair, I began the use of Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy, and I will say that this wonderful medicine is the greatest blessing that ever came into a family."



MRS. S. R. BERRY.

"It has done perfect wonders for me. I was soon on the right road to health and strength by its use, and I am gaining every day. After taking two bottles I could do more work than I had for over a year, and now I do all my housework and all my sewing. I can walk vigorously, indeed have walked as far as five miles in an afternoon. Yes, it is true, you can ask a young here."

"I can now eat better than ever, am strong again and have got back most of my former looks and good color."

"I am a wonder to everybody who knows how weak and low I was before using this remedy. Our doctor told me a few days ago and said that I was doing wonderfully, that my eyes were bright and that I looked well."

"Oh, words are useless. I can not tell how much I prize this great and blessed medicine. All my family join me in one loud chorus in saying, God bless this great health giving remedy! I have told every one of my friends, far and near, and you see they can not help believing for here I am a living witness to what has been done for me."

"Can anything be added to that?"

The sick and suffering should certainly use so marvelous a health giver as this great remedy appears to be. Especially should all use it now for it is the most excellent of all spring medicines to invigorate the blood, strengthen the nerves and regulate all the organs. It is purely vegetable and harmless, and druggists keep it for \$1 per bottle.

Doctors recommend and prescribe it because it is the discovery and prescription of an eminent physician. Dr. Greene, of 35 W. 14th Street, New York, the successful specialist in curing all forms of nervous and chronic diseases. He can be consulted free, personally or by letter.

"White and dazzling"

In the moon's fair light she looked."

Nothing remarkable about that!

She was fair to look upon, as a matter

of course; and the dazzling effect was

produced by her white robes—cleansed

and brightened by a liberal use of

KIRK'S

AMERICAN FAMILY

SOAP

That's one of the peculiarities of

KIRK'S Soaps. Clothes washed by

them always attract attention by their

purity and brightness.

JAS. S. KIRK & CO., Chicago.

Dusky Diamond Tar Soap for Greasy

Fingers and Sores.

KARLSBAD

OF AMERICA

ALPENA'S MAGNETIC SULPHUR SPRINGS,

CURE—

Rheumatism, Paralysis,

Nervous Debility, Etc.

The most luxuriantly furnished bath house

in the world. Patients made comfortable in

winter as in summer. Excellent hotel accom-

modations and pleasant boarding places. Can

be reached by the Michigan Central R. R. or

boats from Detroit or Cleveland. Send for

pamphlet.

ALPENA MAGNETIC SULPHUR BATH CO.,

ALPENA, MICH.

MODELS PATENTS

Experimental work

Thurman & Scullin,

120 South Pennsylvania St.

OPIUM

Morphine Habit Cured in 10

Dr. J. McPherson, Lebanon, O.



ALL around the world, from East to West, Pipe Smokers think Bull Durham best. How good it is, a trial will show, And make you smoke and praise it too. Get the Genuine. Made only by BLACKWELL'S DURHAM TOBACCO CO., DURHAM, N. C.

Baby Carriages! Baby Carriages!

An immense line now ready for inspection. 150 samples on the floor. Come and see them.

KIPP BROTHERS.

OPENERS Baby Buggies, \$3.00. Straw Matting, 9c per yard and up. Large Antique Arm Rocker, \$1.25. Chenille Curtains, double border and double fringe, \$2.95.

Our store is full of such bargains. See them.

F. H. RUPERT

59 West Washington St. Opposite Bates House

REVOLUTION STILL MARCHING ON.

We guarantee to cure eighty-five per cent. (85 per cent.) of all forms of

CHRONIC DISEASES considered incurable by general doctors and so-called Specialists.

What man is this, that holds com-

mandation on the pulse of life?

Choose wisely and well, and all will end well. We live here and

are staying here. We desire that you carefully examine our past success.

We are prepared and ever ready to administer to the wants of suffering

humanity. We locate your disease without asking a question. We cure

when others fail. Consultation in English and German free.

DRS. BRUBAKER & AYRES, Specialists,

1, 2 & 3 Fair Block, INDIANAPOLIS, IND., opp. Union Station

P. S.—If you are suffering and unable to call, send four cents in

stamps for question list and copy of "Medical Hints," free.

Mrs. Ida Russell

wife of engineer William Russell, of the

Terre Haute Electric Light-works, says:

"Almost from the very day I began

treatment at the Stackhouse Medical

Institute, an improvement was no-

table, and now in better health than

I have been since the beginning of my

trouble, two years ago."

THE STACKHOUSE

MEDICAL INSTITUTE

was founded by Dr. Stackhouse for the

skillful and scientific treatment and cure

of all curable chronic diseases. All finger-

ing and rheumatic diseases from whatever

cause arising, that have failed to yield to

the treatment of less skillful hands soon

get well under the superior treatment of

Dr. Stackhouse and his staff of eminent

associate physicians and surgeons. Long

and extensive practice among the most

difficult cases enables these physicians to

apply the proper treatment at once

FRIDAY'S FULLNESS.

The marked illustration is the occurrence of that day at our establishment designated as the

SPECIAL SALE

This week you can get:
30-inch striped half-Wool Cashmere. 23c; cheap.
Remnants Wool Dress Goods very low in price.
6-4 Bleached Muslin, worth 15c, cheap for 13c.
Short lengths in Brown Moire, worth 5c, cheap for 4c.
New Wash Silks 50c, worth 75c.
Fancy China Silk Waists at \$2.95, worth \$4.
Leather Coat Cases, 15c.
Bran Mash Soap, 10c a cake.
Chamois 6-4 Fringed Chambray Covers \$1.00, regular price \$2.50 and \$2.
Extra size Marseilles Quilt \$1.25, worth \$2.
Bedroom Slippers at 50c, all solid colors.
Gentlemen's Colored Bordered Handkerchiefs at 10c, worth from 15c to 25c.
50-inch Suitings 45c, cheap at \$1.
Outing Cloth 60c, worth 75c.
Gentlemen's Suits at 50c.
1 case 33-inch Brandenburg Cloth 15c, regular price 25c.
Gray, tan and mode, stitched with black, suede Monogrammed Gloves \$1.10, \$2 quality.
Garment and blue fine Silk Gloria Umbrella, case and tassel, paragon frame, \$1.60; \$2.50 quality.

L. S. AYRES & CO

N. B.—Dressmaking Department open March 13.

JULIUS C. WALK. CARL F. WALK

JUST RECEIVED

—FOUR GROSS—

SOUVENIR SPOONS

of the Soldiers' and Sailors' Monument, both Tea and After Dinner Coffee size. Come and see this beautiful work of art.

Julius C. Walk,

Successor to

Bingham & Walk,

Jeweler 12 East Washington Street

General agent for the Fats, Phillips & Co., Vacheron and Constantin and E. Kohn Celestial Swiss Watches.

MARCH DAYS.

Great days for preparation. Now doth the wise housewife look about and sum up the things needed to renovate the home against the time of Spring housecleaning and changes. We can offer great help in suggestions and in the array of goods in all lines that go to make the home beautiful and better worth living in.

FURNITURE,

All grades and all prices.

WALL PAPER,

All the new Spring styles.

CARPETS, RUGS,

All kinds, all prices.

EASTMAN, SCHLEICHER & LEE,

FURNITURE, CARPETS, DRAPERIES, WALL PAPER.

The Largest House in the State.

BOSTON

Dry Goods Co.

Manufacturer's agent for the ECONOMY Unlaundered Shirts.

OUR GREAT SALE

—OF—

NEW SPRING GOODS

will be continued FRIDAY and SATURDAY. We solicit an inspection of a host of Matchless Bargains.

26 and 28 W. Washington st.

FRANK H. BLACKLEDGE, ATTORNEY.

No. 12 Ingalls Block. Special attention to Commercial Law.

STEVENSON'S

Two Umbrella Bargains

100 Gloria Silk Umbrellas,

with natural acacia sticks, only

\$1.50, would be cheap at \$2.

100 Gloria Silk Umbrellas,

with real wextel and Scotch

fir handles, gold and silver

mounted, only \$2, good value

at \$3.

Special prices on Ladies'

and Children's Gossamers,

for this week.

Just opened new line Men's

Outing Shirts, at 50c.

John Stevenson & Co.,

37 E. Washington St.

MUSIC TOUCHED HIS SOUL.

THE INDIANAPOLIS MILITARY BAND PERFORMS BY REQUEST.

Five Pieces Played During a Stop at Cincinnati for the Especial Benefit of Frank James, the Ex-Bandit—The Effect.

The Indianapolis military band, which accompanied the Cleveland Club to the inaugural ceremonies at Washington, received much attention while away. Its repertoire is large and diversified, and for the Washington crowds the band played everything from "Tara-ra-boom-de-ay" to Beethoven, Opus XXI, G minor. It is said that the band could have played all day and all night and that its music was the most beautiful influence of the moment.

At any rate the band was kept busy in Washington, and on the way back

played wherever the train stopped long enough for it to do so.

At Cincinnati, on the return trip, the club stopped several hours, and while at the station the band responded to Mr. Lennox's band and played several times. Several hundred people were attracted and applauded generously. When the fourth piece had been finished and the man who swallows the trombone had looked at the clock with a sigh of relief, a singular man, dressed in the style peculiar to border residents, walked into the segment formed by the band, and going to Lennox, grasped him by the hand and said:

"My name is Frank James; I guess you've heard of me, but I want to say that you fellows makes the finest music I have ever heard in my life. I want some more. Can't you give me 'Dixie'?"

The signal was given. The tall stranger listened to the feverish, impulsive measures with his head bowed, his hands clasped, as though some great sorrow oppressed him. Others cheered and some danced, but the man in the middle of the band seemed as if he was hearing a funeral sermon. When "Dixie" was ended he shook hands with each member of the band. That's the finest I ever heard, boys," he said. "I've robbed stage-trains and everything else, and had lots o' hard fightin', but the next time I draw a weapon it will be in defense of this here Government. Give me another, boys."

Appreciating that Mr. James's commands had always been obeyed, Mr. Lennox wiped the perspiration from his forehead and the band played the "Star Spangled Banner," which the man in the middle of the band again listened to as though a funeral sermon were being preached. Twice after his wish was gratified, and then it was time for the train to leave. The band mounted the platform of the train, but James implored them to play just one more piece for him, and by request the train was held until a fifth performance was ended. Then James shook hands with all the members, wished them "good luck," and then he pulled out.

The man was Frank James, the ex-bandit, who, after the death of his brother Jesse, surrendered to Governor Crittenden, of Missouri, and was pardoned for his many murders and other crimes. He was well known by a number of police in the crowd. He said that he was on his way to Texas. Members of the band had not ceased to talk about the strange influence of music upon James, and the incident will be long remembered, they say.

SUPREME COURT.

Abstracts of Cases Decided Wednesday, March 8, 1893.

CITY ATTORNEY—REJECTION—REMOVAL—VACANCY—PLEADING AND PRACTICE.

16,107. State ex rel. Charles G. Renner vs. Robert Curry. Morgan C. C. Ahmied. Olds, J.

(1) The sufficiency of an answer can not be questioned for the first time by assignment of error on appeal. (2) Under Section 3043, R. S., 1881, when a city attorney has been elected by the Common Council, he holds for two years unless removed by the Council before his term expires, or unless he is removed or dies or resigns, there is no vacancy which can be filled by the election of another by the Council. (3) The only competent evidence of an act of the Council, such as the removal of a city attorney, is the record of its proceedings; and where such record does not show a vote on a resolution to remove the city attorney, there is no removal and no vacancy which can be filled, and the election of another would be a nullity, and such person elected and recognized by the Council could not recover for his services. PARTITION—COSTS AND EXPENSES—ALLOWING ATTORNEY FEES—VOID JUDGMENT.

16,148. Mark C. Hitts et al. vs. John B. Martin. Montgomery C. C. Reversed. Coffey, C. J.

The statute relating to the awarding of costs and expenses in partition cases, Section 1,208, R. S., 1881, does not cover the fees of the attorneys in such cases, and where a judgment in partition is entered by agreement of the parties, and includes a judgment for attorney's fees and declares a lien therefor against the interests of their clients in the lands, it is void, and a sale under it to satisfy the judgment for attorney's fees is void.

THE QUESTION OF CONVERSION.

The Rev. J. E. Cathell Says It Is Not Necessary To Be Converted.

A large congregation assembled last night at Christ church to hear a sermon by the Rev. J. E. Cathell, of Richmond, who denies the saving power of orthodox religion, and says it is not necessary for a man to be converted before he can enter the church. His sermon was an explication of his position. He denied any efforts at sensationalism, said he taught only the truths of the church. His sermon was against the necessity of conversion, and toward its close he said: "When we can say to men, 'Come just as you are and let us teach you the simple rites of the church,' then religion will become attractive. Christ was wise, and man with his traditions is foolish. Throw away tradition and we have left, Christ and His sacraments. Bring your own thought to the church just as it is. The church will give you something for your thought and take you just as you are." He also said that if the new method were adopted many men of other denominations, tired with the useless formalities that surround their religion, would flock to the church and strengthen it throughout the land.

The Civil Service Chronicle.

In the January number of the Civil Service Chronicle it was announced that the paper would not be published after February. In the February number just out, however, it is announced that arrangements for the continuation of the publication of the paper have been made.

Opening of the Katherine Home.

The Katherine Home for Aged Women was thrown open to the public for inspection yesterday afternoon and last night. The home is at Tennessee and Eleventh

streets, in the old Elliott homestead. Saturday afternoon the home will again be open to the public, and Sunday at 2 o'clock there will be formal dedicatory services. Eight women have been registered for admission. The home was named after Katherine Wright Talbot. This was at the suggestion of John C. Wright, who, in memory of the lady named (his daughter), gave in \$13,000 toward the establishment of the home.

Indiana Capitalists and Arkansas Mines.

Several Indiana capitalists, most of them from Anderson, have invested heavily in the mines of Arkansas. Among the incorporators of the Little Rock Mining and Smelting Company are Charles T. Doxey, W. T. Durbin, Clement T. Hoover, James L. Kilgore and Byron H. Gedge, of Anderson. Charles T. Doxey is president of the company, J. L. Kilgore vice-president and B. H. Gedge secretary. Mr. Durbin is assistant treasurer. The company, which has a capital stock of \$5,000,000, will mine silver, lead, zinc and copper.

To Discuss an Extension.

There will be a meeting of South Side citizens to-night at Charles Wagner's store, 836 South Meridian street, to discuss plans for securing the extension of the South Meridian street car line to Kanzer's Grove.

Emerson Pianos.

We invite the public to call and inspect these fine instruments which for years have been known as "Old Reliable." Fine pianos to rent. Fine tuning.

Rock Mining and Smelting Company, 65 N. Pennsylvania.

Dr. J. R. JORDAN, No. 38 West Washington street, Indianapolis, Ind., has the largest and most successful practice in the treatment of catarrh, consumption, asthma, heart diseases and all throat and lung diseases in the United States. He cures more remarkable cases of the above diseases than any institute in the United States.

Burgheim's New Slaughter of the Innocent.

Beginning to-morrow (Friday), the following prices in my silverware department will rule until further notice:

My \$1.50 set tea spoons at 75 cents.

My \$3 set table spoons at \$1.50.

My \$2.50 set table knives at \$1.25.

Complete set of twenty-four pieces at \$5 entitles purchaser to better knife and sugar shell free of charge. No discount on these prices to the trade.

HENRY D. BURGHIM, 9 S. Illinois, Wholesale and Retail Silverware.

Are You Going to the World's Fair?

Green & Co.'s World's Fair Room Renting Agency has a very desirable lot of rooms for rent at reasonable rates in desirable locations. For particulars call or address J. S. Cruse, local agent, 92 E. Market st.

Albert Schilling.

Dealer in first-class bicycles. Repairing to the utmost perfection. 30 Virginia ave.

Is Your Watch or Clock Running?

If not, take it to Crane's, on the Viaduct, and have it repaired and warranted. 135 Virginia ave.

Departed Perhaps Never to Return.

With Saturday next, the unheard-of low prices in my watch repair department will be discontinued. My prices after that date will be advertised.

HENRY D. BURGHIM, 9 S. Illinois, The Live Jewelry House, 9 S. Illinois.

THE THROAT—Brown's Bronchial Troches act directly on the organs of the voice.

An extraordinary effect in all disorders of the throat.

Cut-Rate Railroad Tickets.

\$1 to \$5 saved. Choice of routes to Boston, New York, Washington and points East, St. Louis, Kansas City, Denver and points West. Webb's Ticket Office, 5 and 12th S. Illinois st. Tel. 300.

LANGUOR thrown off by Hood's Sarsaparilla.

In dry goods, shoes and groceries, go and see Robert Keller, 578 S. East.

BRONCHITIS is not a secret remedy.

Fine Furniture and upholstery at Lake Bros., 135 Virginia ave.

We Offer

50-cent neckties at 10 cents.

75-cent neckties at 30 cents.

60-cent underwear at 35 cents.

Boys' 50-cent waists at 25 cents.

Men's 75-cent blue shirts at 30 cents.

Men's 75-cent undershirts at 50 cents.

Men's and ladies' hose and socks at 5 cents.

All linen collars at 5 cents.

Notions and small wares half price.

ROBERT KELLER, 570 to 578 S. East.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething relieves the child from pain.

Doctors prescribe Bronchitis.

SHABBY suits never won fair ladies. Go to John Rosenberg, tailor and outfitter, 190 E. Washington st.

Houses Sold on Payments.

By Bullock & Bolton, 38 N. Delaware.

Royal Ruby Port Wine Cures Health and Strength.

81 quart bottle. Slogan the drug!

REV. J. E. BROWN Writes a Noble Letter.

Extraction, Feb. 2, 1893.

Dr. Nott Rupture Cure Co., 20 1/2 W. Washington St., Indianapolis.

Dear Doctor—I have just finished reading the article in the Indiana State Journal, copied from the Chicago Trade Review, and wish to say I heartily endorse every word of it. I sincerely hope every respectable paper in the country will publish it, as the Journal says, "not so much for your benefit, but for the benefit of those who suffer from rupture." If I remember right, you treated me on the 18th of May, 1888, and pronounced me cured on June 4, 1888, and on the 14th of June, 1888, we went to the bank and drew the money for you. I am happy to say to you I am as sound as any man, and would not take thousands of dollars and be where I was before being treated by you.

J. E. BROWN, 501 South Meridian street.

The article referred to by Rev. J. E. Brown was an unpaid-for and unrepudiated article on the question of the curability of Hernia. It appeared in the Indiana State Journal of February 1, 1893. A copy of the article will be mailed free to any address by the Dr. Nott Rupture Cure Co., 20 1/2 W. Washington street, Indianapolis.

NOBODY'S OLD STOCK

Our Mackintoshes are all new and perfect.

Prices from \$7 to \$25.

200 dozen Sox 25c a pair, \$2.75 a dozen. Great bargain. Blacks, blues, tans, etc.—all fast colors.

MAJOR TAYLOR.

38 East Washington Street.

Excelsior Laundry does best collar, cuff and bosom work.

15 North Illinois Street.

TELEPHONE 1314

EVERYTHING NOVEL.

Get our prices. Elegant China and Glass Ware. Wedding and Anniversary Presents.

SCHRAEDER'S CHINA STORE, 74 East Washington Street

SIGNS OF SPRING

Ladies' Russia Leather Low Shoes. Oxfords, Bluchers and Prince Alberts.

Ladies' Turkish Slippers, fancy colors, 65c.

FRED BARNARD, 47 West Washington St.

MIXED PAINTS by the pint, quart or gallon—house and carriage.

Brushes of all kinds—paint and whitewash.

FRANK H. CARTER, 298 and 300 Massachusetts Ave.

YOUNG GIBLART.

To Whom It May Concern.

Upon the banks of the Ohio river some of the greatest industries of the world have their home.

Of these the art of shoemaking stands first as regards the beauty and comfort of a lady's foot.

Just a few years ago the town of Portsmouth, O., thought it wonderful to make two hundred pairs in a week, but now our factory alone produces two thousand pairs in a single day. Do you wonder that many shoes should become slightly damaged during the process, such as a slight cut, a ripped seam, a torn lining or a cracked patent-leather tip? In fact, we find that every year many, many such pairs have accumulated, and of which we seem unable to dispose, though worth almost full value to the consumer. We have just seen fit to ship six hundred pairs of these shoes to the "Factory Shoe Store," 68 and 69 Massachusetts ave., where you can buy them at prices which will astonish you, considering the quality and value of the goods. DREW, SEIZY & CO., Manufacturers of ladies' fine shoes, Portsmouth, O.

A Well-Equipped Society Man

Always has a supply of White's Yuccatan gum on hand.

Matresses and Feathers. Hirschman's are the best. Ask for them.

For your cough try Bronchitis.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.

When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.

When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.

When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

DRESS GOODS SPECIALS

Lines that are much under value.

1 case 40-inch Chevron, 19c a yard.

1 case 36-inch Mixed Serges, 20c a yard.

1 case 38-inch Camelhair Suitings, 40c a yard.

1 case 42-inch Camelhair Novelities, 45c a yard.

50 suits, Two-Toned Novelities, \$5.25 a suit—value for double the price named.

50c

a popular price.

Here you will find all the new shades of Henriettas, Serges, Camelhair Cloths, Chevrans, Tweeds, two-toned Serges and fancy weaves in big selection.

A GRAND VALUE

100 pieces 40-inch Fine Whipcords, 75c. All the new colorings.

WASSON'S.

SOMETHING NEW

A variety of handsome Hat Pins and Lace Pins, as well as a new and complete line of Hair Ornaments and Pins. Everything in the best manly instruments at lowest prices.

Manufactured by W. P. FISHBACK, 10 1/2 E. Washington street.

FISHBACK & KAPPEL

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Office Coffin's Block, 90 1/2 East Market street, rooms 21 to 25.

Will practice in State and United States Courts.

PATENT V. H. LOCKWOOD.

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Successor to Chas. F. Jacobs.

60 East Market St. Indianapolis

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ARCHITECTURAL IRON AND WIRE WORKS

Lock Work promptly done. 125 East Pearl St., between Delaware and Alabama.

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Practice limited to throat, nose and ear. Offices 124 1/2 Marion Block, corner Meridian and Ohio streets.

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OPTICAL MOSBY'S INSTITUTE.

L. A. HULSMAN, Expert. Spectacles and Eye Glasses.

4 N. Pennsylvania St.

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EYE, EAR, NOSE AND THROAT

Room 2 Odd Fellows Hall, Indianapolis, Ind.

A GREAT CHANCE

GOOD DRESSERS

SPECIAL SALE

—OF—

KNOX HATS

SPECIAL SALE

—OF—

KNOX HATS

Worth \$5 the World Over

\$3.49

Friday and Saturday, and positively for those two days only, we will sell

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